Earl LeGette Elementary School PTO Bylaws

Article I – Name
The name of the organization shall be the Earl LeGette ES PTO.

Article II – Mission Statement & Purpose
Section 1 – Mission Statement: Earl LeGette ES PTO is organized to support the education of children at Earl LeGette Elementary by fostering relationships among the school, parents, and teachers.

Section 2 – Purpose: Earl LeGette ES PTO is organized exclusively for charitable and educational purposes within the meaning of Section 501 (c) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code or any corresponding section of any future tax code.

Article III – Members
Section 1. Membership in this organization may be held by parents and legal guardians of any currently enrolled student of Earl LeGette Elementary along with teachers, staff, and administrators of said school.

Section 2. Dues, if any, will be established by the executive board at the beginning of the school year, at a public meeting duly noted at least two weeks in advance to the membership. If dues are charged, a member must have paid his or her dues at least 14 calendar days before the meeting to be considered a member in good standing with voting rights.

Article IV – Officers and Elections
Section 1. Officers. The officers shall be a president, vice president, secretary, treasurer, auditor and parliamentarian.
   a. President. The president shall preside over meetings of the organization and executive board, serve as the primary contact for the principal, represent the organization at meetings outside the organization, serve as an ex officio member of all committees except the nominating committee, and coordinate the work of all the officers and committees so that the purpose of the organization is served.
   b. Vice President. The vice president shall assist the president and carry out the president’s duties in his or her absence or inability to serve.
   c. Secretary. The secretary shall keep all records of the organization, take and record minutes, prepare the agenda, handle correspondence, and send notices of meetings to the membership. The secretary also keeps a copy of the minutes book, bylaws, rules, membership list, and any other necessary supplies, and brings them to meetings.
   d. Treasurer. The treasurer shall receive all funds of the organization, keep an accurate record of receipts and expenditures, and pay out funds in accordance with the approval of the executive board. He or she will present a financial statement at every meeting and at other times of the year when requested by the executive board, and make a full report at the end of the year, help file taxes.
   e. Auditor. The auditor shall audit the books and all financial records semi-annually in January and July, audit the books and all financial records upon the resignation of the
treasurer or at any other time deemed necessary by the board, presents audit report at the (1st) first meeting of the school year and at the (1st) first general meeting after the audit is done in January.

f. Parliamentarian. The parliamentarian shall attend all meetings (board, general, and special) and give necessary advice on parliamentary procedure when requested, advise officers on bylaws and keep updated amendments to bylaws as approved by the members. He or she will distribute a copy of these bylaws to each board member and make available a copy to any member upon request, and retain a copy of the Robert’s Rules of Order Newly Revised which governs the PTO procedures in accordance with the PTO bylaws.

Section 2. Nominations and Elections. Elections will be held at the second to last general meeting of the school year. The nominating committee shall select a candidate for each office and present the slate at a general meeting held one month prior to the election. At that general meeting, nominations may also be made from the floor. Voting shall be by voice vote if a slate is presented. If more than one person is running for an office, a ballot vote shall be taken.

Section 3. Eligibility. Members are eligible for office if they are members in good standing at least 14 calendar days before the nominating committee presents its slate. All elected officers must be fingerprinted within 30 days of election.

Section 4. Terms of Office. Officers are elected for one year. Each person elected shall hold only one office at a time.

Section 5. Vacancies. If there is a vacancy in any board position, members will fill the vacancy through an election at the first general meeting of the next school year.

Section 6. Removal From Office. Officers can be removed from office with or without cause by a two-thirds vote of those present (assuming a quorum) at a regular meeting where previous notice has been given.

Article V – Meetings
Section 1. General Meeting. The general meeting of the organization shall be monthly during the school year at a time and place determined by the executive board at least one month before the meeting. The annual meeting will be held at the April general meeting. The annual meeting is for receiving reports, electing officers, and conducting other business that may arise. The secretary will notify the members of upcoming meetings by flyer sent home with the students, email, indication on school calendar, social media.

Section 2. Special Meetings. Special meetings may be called by the president, any two members of the executive board, or five general members submitting a written request to the secretary. Previous notice of the special meeting shall be sent to the members at least 48 hours prior to the meeting, by flyer, phone, email or social media.

Section 3. Quorum. The quorum shall be 5 members of the organization, of which at least 3 need to be members of the Executive Board.

Article VI – Executive Board
Section 1. Membership. The Executive Board shall consist of the officers and principal.

Section 2. Duties. The duties of the Executive Board shall be to transact business between meetings in preparation for the general meeting, create standing rules and policies, create standing and temporary committees, prepare and submit a budget to the membership, approve routine bills, and prepare reports and recommendations to the membership.

Section 3. Meetings. General meetings shall be held monthly, on the same day and at the same time each month, to be determined by the board. Special meetings may be called by any two board members, with 24 hours notice.

Article VII – Committees
Section 1. Membership. Committees may consist of members and board members, with the president acting as an ex officio member of all committees.

Section 2. Standing Committees. The following committees may be held by the organization: Fundraising, Hospitality, Membership, Communications, Arts and Enrichment, Family Events, Nominating, and Auditing.

Section 3. Additional Committees. The board may appoint additional committees as needed.

Article VIII – Finances
Section 1. A tentative budget shall be drafted in the fall for each school year and approved by a majority vote of the members present.

Section 2. The treasurer shall keep accurate records of any disbursements, income, and bank account information in agreed upon accounting/bookkeeping software.

Section 3. The board shall approve all expenses of the organization.

Section 4. Two authorized signatures shall be required on each check over the amount of $200. Authorized signers shall be the president, vice president, secretary and treasurer.

Section 5. The treasurer shall prepare a financial statement at the end of the year, to be reviewed by the Auditor.

Section 6. Dissolution: Upon the dissolution of this organization, assets shall be distributed for one or more exempt purposes within the meaning of Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, or corresponding section of any future federal tax code, or shall be distributed to the federal government, or to a state or local government, for a public purpose.

Section 7. The fiscal year shall coordinate with the school year.
Article IX – Parliamentary Authority
Robert’s Rules of Order shall govern meetings when they are not in conflict with the organization’s bylaws.

Article X – Standing Rules
Standing rules may be approved by the Executive Board, and the secretary shall keep a record of the standing rules for future reference.

Article XI – Dissolution
Dissolution: The organization may be dissolved with previous notice (14 calendar days) and a two-thirds vote of those present at the meeting.

Article XII – Amendments
Amendments: These bylaws may be amended at any regular or special meeting, providing that previous notice was given in writing at the prior meeting and then sent to all members of the organization by the secretary. Notice may be given by flyer, e-mail. Amendments will be approved by a two-thirds vote of those present, assuming a quorum.

Article XIII – Conflict of Interest Policy
Section 1. Purpose. The purpose of the conflict of interest policy is to protect this tax-exempt organization’s interest when it is contemplating entering into a transaction or arrangement that might benefit the private interest of an officer or director of the organization or might result in a possible excess benefit transaction. This policy is intended to supplement but not replace any applicable state and federal laws governing conflict of interest applicable to nonprofit and charitable organizations.

Section 2. Definitions.

a. Interested Person. Any director, principal officer, or member of a committee with governing board delegated powers who has a direct or indirect financial interest, as defined below, is an interested person.

b. Financial Interest. A person has a financial interest if the person has, directly or indirectly, through business, investment, or family:

i. An ownership or investment interest in any entity with which the organization has a transaction or arrangement;

ii. A compensation arrangement with the organization or with any entity or individual with which the organization has a transaction or arrangement; or

iii. A potential ownership or investment interest in, or compensation arrangement with, any entity or individual with which the organization is negotiating a transaction or arrangement. “Compensation” includes direct and indirect remuneration as well as gifts or favors that are not insubstantial.

Section 3. Procedures.

a. Duty To Disclose. In connection with any actual or possible conflict of interest, an interested person must disclose the existence of the financial interest and be given the opportunity to disclose all material facts to the directors and members of committees with governing board delegated powers who are considering the proposed transaction or arrangement.

b. Determining Whether a Conflict of Interest Exists. After disclosure of the financial interest and all material facts, and after any discussion with the interested person, he/she shall leave the governing board or committee meeting while the determination of a conflict of interest is discussed and voted upon. The remaining board or
committee members shall decide whether a conflict of interest exists.

c. Procedures for Addressing the Conflict of Interest.
i. An interested person may make a presentation at the governing board or committee meeting, but after the presentation, he/she shall leave the meeting during the discussion of, and the vote on, the transaction or arrangement involving the possible conflict of interest.

ii. The chairperson of the governing board or committee shall, if appropriate, appoint a disinterested person or committee to investigate alternatives to the proposed transaction or arrangement.

iii. After exercising due diligence, the governing board or committee shall determine whether the organization can obtain, with reasonable efforts, a more advantageous transaction or arrangement from a person or entity that would not give rise to a conflict of interest.

iv. If a more advantageous transaction or arrangement is not reasonably possible under circumstances not producing a conflict of interest, the governing board or committee shall determine by a majority vote of the disinterested directors whether the transaction or arrangement is in the organization’s best interest, for its own benefit, and whether it is fair and reasonable. In conformity with the above determination, it shall make its decision as to whether to enter into the transaction or arrangement.

d. Violations of the Conflict of Interest Policy.
i. If the governing board or committee has reasonable cause to believe a member has failed to disclose actual or possible conflicts of interest, it shall inform the member of the basis for such belief and afford the member an opportunity to explain the alleged failure to disclose.

ii. If, after hearing the member’s response and after making further investigation as warranted by the circumstances, the governing board or committee determines that the member has failed to disclose an actual or possible conflict of interest, it shall take appropriate disciplinary and corrective action.

Section 4. Records of Proceedings. The minutes of the governing board and all committees with board delegated powers shall contain:

a. The names of the persons who disclosed or otherwise were found to have a financial interest in connection with an actual or possible conflict of interest; the nature of the financial interest; any action taken to determine whether a conflict of interest was present; and the governing board’s or committee’s decision as to whether a conflict of interest in fact existed.

b. The names of the persons who were present for discussions and votes relating to the transaction or arrangement; the content of the discussion; including any alternatives to the proposed transaction or arrangement; and a record of any votes taken in connection with the proceedings.

Section 5. Compensation.

a. A voting member of the governing board who receives compensation, directly or indirectly, from the organization for services is precluded from voting on matters pertaining to that member’s compensation.

b. A voting member of any committee whose jurisdiction includes compensation matters and who receives compensation, directly or indirectly, from the organization for services is precluded from voting on matters pertaining to that member’s
compensation.

C. No voting member of the governing board or any committee whose jurisdiction includes compensation matters and who receives compensation, directly or indirectly, from the organization, either individually or collectively, is prohibited from providing information to any committee regarding compensation.

Section 6. Annual Statements. Each director, principal officer, and member of a committee with governing board delegated powers shall annually sign a statement which affirms that such person:

- Has received a copy of the conflict of interest policy;
- Has read and understood the policy;
- Has agreed to comply with the policy; and

- Understands that the organization is charitable and that in order to maintain its federal tax exempt status it must engage primarily in activities which accomplish one or more of its tax exempt purposes.

Section 7. Periodic Reviews. To ensure that the organization operates in a manner consistent with charitable purposes and does not engage in activities that could jeopardize its tax exempt status, periodic reviews shall be conducted. The periodic reviews shall, at a minimum, include the following subjects:

A. Whether compensation arrangements and benefits are reasonable, are based on competent survey information, and are the result of arm’s length bargaining.

B. Whether partnerships, joint ventures, and arrangements with management organizations conform to the organization’s written policies, are properly recorded, reflect reasonable investment or payments for goods and services, further charitable purposes, and do not result in inurement, impermissible private benefit, or an excess benefit transaction.

Section 8. Use of Outside Experts. When conducting the periodic reviews as provided for in Section 7, the organization may, but need not, use outside advisers. If outside experts are used, their use shall not relieve the governing board of its responsibility for ensuring that periodic reviews are conducted.